

JUNIPER DAY

16 октября 2018 | Москва

Constant and the second second

The second secon



Quo vadis communicare ?

Уве Рихтер uwe@juniper.net

Automation: It's changing life around us







Automation: Getting it right

Google Machine Learning Word Accuracy



Source: Kleiner Perkins Internet Trends 2018



Automation: Setting the context

WHAT?

WHY?

"Using machines to run machines"

Peter F Drucker 1955 Agility! Delivering outcomes fast. Dealing with scale. Reacting to change. HOW?

Technology, Culture, and Process



An Example: The Self-Driving Car More Than Just Point A to Point B



Is it a Car... Is it a Computer?

THE PROMISE

Ownership:Own vs. UseSafety:Human errors cause 94% of car crashesPlanning:No traffic lights? Better road capacity?Logistics:Self-driving delivery vehicles

THE IMPACT

Don't need drivers:Need programmersDon't need cops:Cars can (will) self-policeDon't need witnesses:Cars are more objectiveWhat about insurance?Who pays for glitches?





Disruption

Evolution





The Self-Driving Network: What It Does

A self-driving network will:

- Accept "guidance" from a network operator
- Self-discover its constituent parts
- Self-configure
- Automatically connect nodes
- Self-monitor using probes and other techniques

- Automatically monitor and update services and SLAs
- Auto-detect and auto-enable new customers or users
 - Self-analyze using machine learning
- Self-report to humans



Schematic of a Self-Driving Network





So what ? Numbers from "our" world...

- By 2020, 90% of the world's population over six years old will have a mobile phone
- By 2020, 26 billion devices will be connected to the internet
- A self driving car generates 1 GB of data per second (that's 2 Petabyte per car per year – to do the math ;-
- By 2020, more than 25% of identified enterprise attacks will involve IoT



Why Do We Need The Self-Driving Network?



Reduce net management complexity and costs

Satisfy increasingly demanding customers "Push out" the Performance / Agility tradeoff curves

0101010010101010101011101101101 0101101010010101111001101110101 010110101 J10101 001101110101 0101010 01010101 0101101 00101011 01010100 0101010 11011011101 .01110101 010101001010101010101 011101 010110101001010111001 1110101

Security

Baseline of normal activity

Detect anomalies

Automatically

Your Journey to a Self-Driving NetworkTM

The Self-Driving Network

Human-Driven Automation



- Standard-based network interfaces and data models
- Automate network provisioning and management
- Simplify network operations

Event-driven Automation



- Telemetry for Actionable Information
- Integration with Full IT infrastructure (Orchestration, etc)
- Rule-based Actions
 driven by events

Machine-Driven Automation



- Use sophisticated algorithms (statistics)
- Pre-programed machines makes decisions and drives network change
- Humans make decisions where machines cannot

Autonomy



- Integrated machinelearning algorithms into the system
- Adaptive machine decisions drive network change
- Human supervision, no active intervention

JUNIPEI



The Three Pillars of Success



JUNIPer

The Three Pillars of Success

CULTURE

- Lead the change from CLI to software mentality
- Create crossfunctional teams
- Encourage and reward skills development
- Fail fast, fix fast, scale fast

PROCESS

- Build an Agile-DevOps environment
- Train up staff
- Follow the processes
- Don't allow exceptions
- Leverage, engage and contribute to the community

TECHNOLOGY

- Identify focus areas
- Start small, iterate often
- Leverage tools across the infrastructure
- Embrace & encourage open-source
- Five key technologies



FIVE TECHNOLOGIES FOR SELF DRIVING





2 TELEMETRY

3

5

MULTIDIMENSIONAL VIEWS

DECLARATIVE INTENT

DECISION MAKING





NOW

- Discovering topology
- Computing paths, bandwidth, fast reroute
- Updating software
- Auto VLANs and firewalls as VMs are spun up, torn down
- Fault detection, trouble ticketing
- Root cause analysis

SOON

- Smart auto-bandwidth
- Automatic service placement, service motion
- Specific upgrades based on configured services
- Inductive network action via machine learning





The usual: speedometer, gas gauge, tire pressure sensors More recent: radar, lidar, sonar (for parking assist), cameras







NOW

- SNMP info + traps
 - Interface stats, flaps
- Routing info
- Netflow/sflow/jflow/...
- DPI, IDS
- Some streaming telemetry
- Some correlation across silos

SOON

- Real-time deep telemetry: device state, customer state, packet state
- Much more info gathered, processed on-box, streamed in real time
- Active telemetry: zoom in as needed, zoom out again
- Correlated telemetry across time, geography, network layers





MULTIDIMENSIONAL, MULTI-MODAL VIEWS

NOW

- Neighbors, links
- Exit points, peers
- Layer 0-1 devices
- Global topology, traffic, flows
- Server and application performance
- Hackers, flash crowds, DDoS

SOON

- Correlation of information across geographies, layers, peers, clouds
- Root cause analysis via supervised learning
- Time-based trending to
 establish and adapt baselines
- Optimal local decisions based on global state



DECLARATIVE STATEMENT OF INTENT - CARS

SAY WHERE YOU WANT TO GO...

- Hints:
 - Fastest time
 - Least distance
 - Most scenic
 - Most efficient use of battery



Even better: the car can simply talk to your phone, figure out where you need to be, and take you there





DECLARATIVE STATEMENT OF INTENT - NETWORKS

NOW

- Give path constraints: bandwidth, diversity, # LSPs (Northstar)
- Say which "virtual network" (VN) a VM belongs to, and inter-VN policies (Contrail)

SOON

- Say what you want the network to do
 - Economic hints: valued customers, priority applications, peering costs
 - Objective functions describing the end results you want





DECISION MAKING - RULE-BASED VS. MACHINE LEARNING

RULE-BASED LEARNING

- If X happens, do Y: "If this then that"
- + Straightforward programming
- + Easy to predict and refine
- Slow, painstaking work
- At scale, hard to manage

MACHINE LEARNING

- "Essence of artificial intelligence" - Alan Turing
- + Can become "creative"
- + Fastest way to learn complex behavior
- Can come to strange conclusions
- Hard to know what it knows

The Self-Driving Network will combine both



You can start today

The Self-Driving Network

Human-Driven Automation



Data models – NetConf, Yang

Config templates network and security

Puppet, Ansible, Chef, OpenConfig JSNAPy/PyEZ Event-driven Automation



Juniper Event-Driven Infrastructure (JEDI) Contrail Svc Orchestration Network Director Security Director Juniper Extension Toolkit Juniper Telemetry I/F NITA Service Now Service Insight SaltStack Python Machine-Driven Automation



Software Defined Secure Networks

AppFormix

Contrail

NorthStar

Autonomy



Certain features eg. Auto-Bandwidth



A vision worth pursuing: Self-Driving Networks!

A compelling vision, both meaningful and realizable

Economic imperative: attack the biggest cost in networking – operations

Efficiency imperative: spin up resources as needed and optimize their use

Agility imperative: bring up new services quickly; predict, anticipate and adapt

Security imperative: quickly detect, diagnose, isolate, and mitigate threats







БОЛЬШОЕ СПАСИБО!