# **JUNIPER** THREAT DEFENSE DIRECTOR (TDD) Karel Hendrych **Consulting Engineer, EMEA** khe@juniper.net Engineering Simplicity

# AGENDA

- Juniper Threat Defense Director (TDD) Positioning
- Technology Overview, Use Cases
- Scaling and deployment options
- Demo videos



### JUNIPER DDOS PROTECTION SOLUTIONS

### SRX and MX Series

- Basic DDoS Protection with screens  $\rightarrow$  first protection line for smaller scale
- All SRX series, high end SRX5k series recommended
- MX240/480/960 and MX2K with service pics (MS-MIC, MS-MPC), 16.1R3 and above (so called IDS)

### BGP flow specs in routers: MX and PTX

 Allows DDoS protection enforcement in combination with any flow spec compliant DDoS solution, example Arbor

#### Corero + MX

Sophisticated, fast and scalable DDoS protection solution

### CORERO INTRODUCTION

#### **Corero Network Security (CNS)**

- London Stock Exchange AIM listed:
- Focus: Real-time DDoS Protection (Detection and Mitigation)
- Target Markets:
  - Service Providers, Cloud/Hosting Providers, Digital Enterprise

## **SmartWall DDoS Detection and Mitigation**

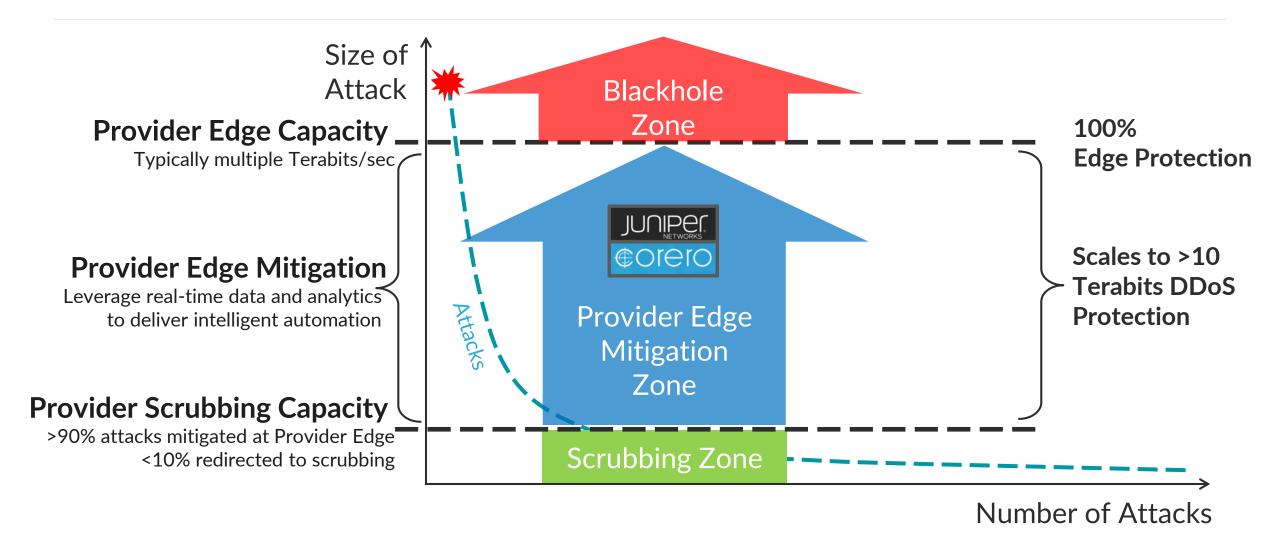
- Products:
  - SmartWall® Threat Defense Director (TDD) with Juniper MX
    - DDoS Detection and Mitigation 500Gb, 1Tb, 10Tb, 40Tb
- Services:
  - DDoS Monitoring, Analytics and SOC
- Available on the Juniper Price List
  - Supported by JTAC

## WHAT JUNIPER TDD DOES



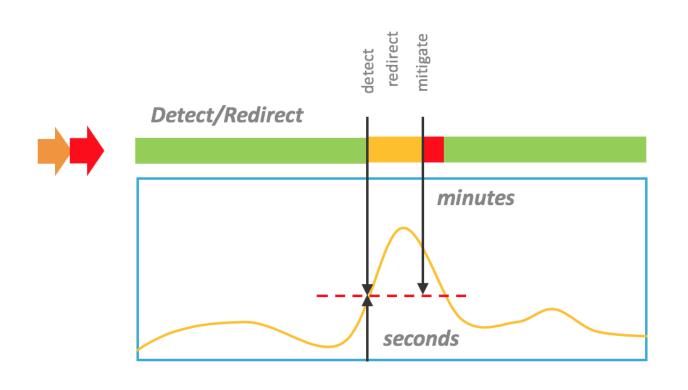
Juniper TDD is threshold based volumetric DoS/DDoS protection.

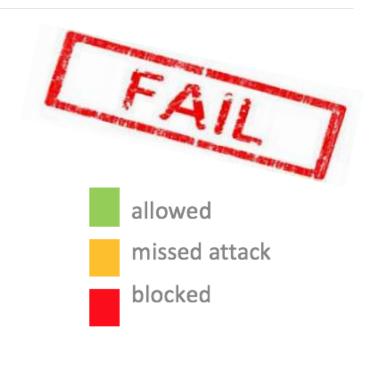
## MITIGATION STYLE VS. ATTACK SIZE AND EDGE CAPACITY



## TIME TO MITIGATION (TTM) OF MINUTES = FAIL

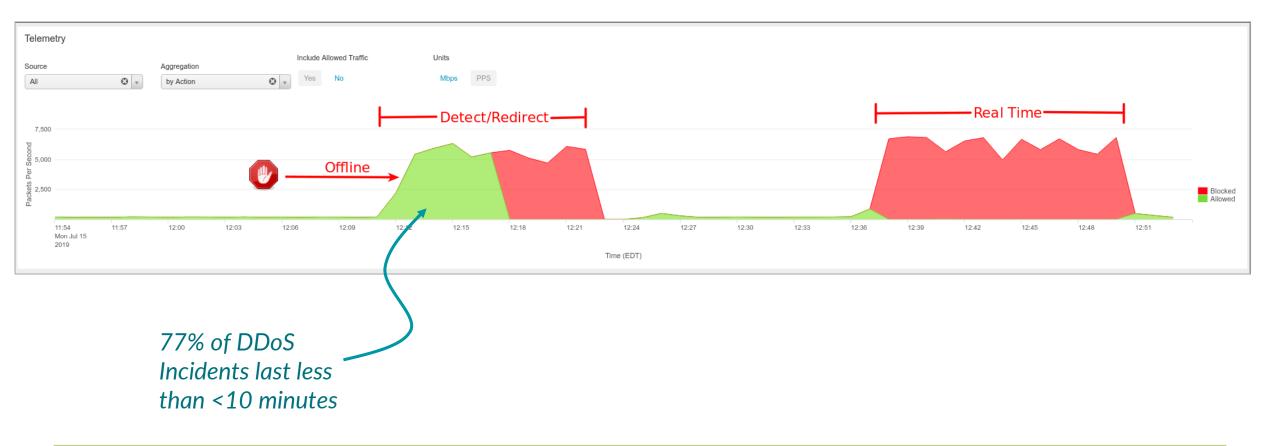








## TIME TO MITIGATE COMPARISON USING ANALYTICS



# ENHANCED ACCURACY + SPEED OF DDOS DETECTION/MITIGATION



## **Netflow**

- aggregation delay
- header only
- attack overload

# Flowspec

- BGP propagation
- header only
- limited visibility





# **Sampled Mirror**

- immediate forwarding
- header and payload
- scales with attack



## **NETCONF**

- ephemeral configuration
- header and payload
- streaming telemetry



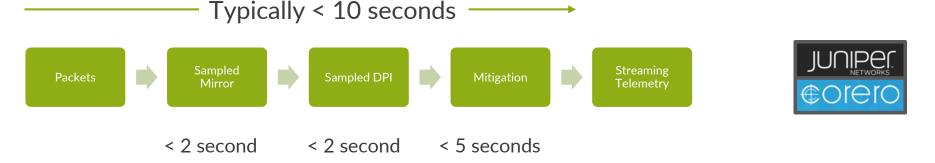
# COMPARISON TRADITIONAL NETFLOW/REDIRECT VS @ MIRROR/NETCONF



#### Netflow/Redirect



#### Sampled Mirror / Netconf



# TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

Juniper Thread Defense Director



## TDD COMPONENTS AND MX FEATURES

#### **Juniper Threat Defense Director (TDD)**

- **Detection Engine (vDE)** 
  - Detect DDoS attack from sampled packets
  - Forwards information to CMS



#### **Detection Director (DD)**

- **Central Management Server (vCMS)** 
  - Manage mitigation policy
  - Receives and coalesces data from DE(s)



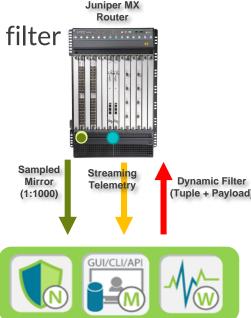
### SecureWatch Analytics (vSWA)

- Receive information from CMS
- FF provisioning
- Receive and display Telemetry
- Rich analytics and visualization



#### Juniper MX

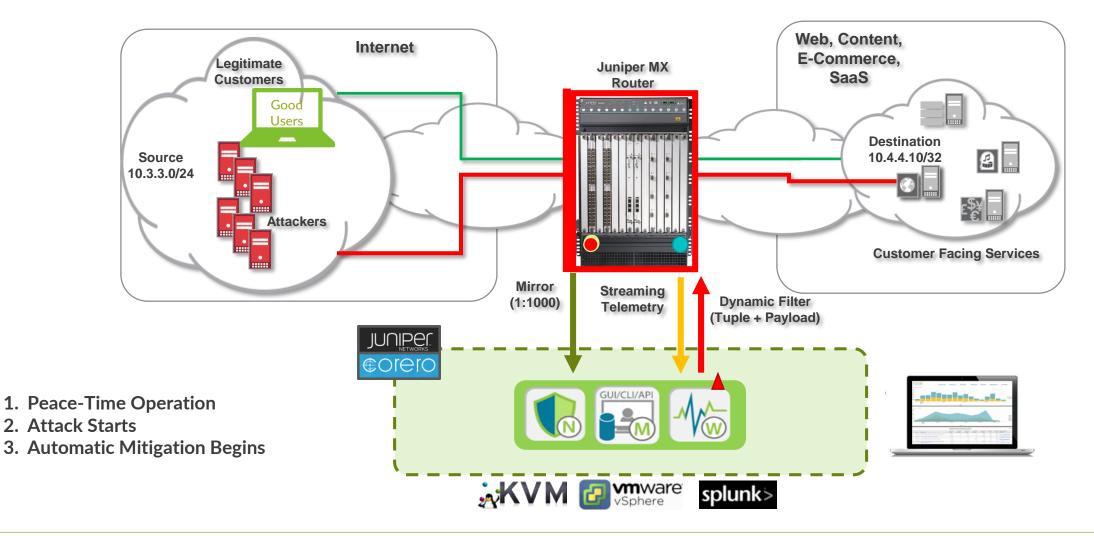
- Packet mirroring (1:1000)
- NETCONF and ephemeral config database
- **FF Telemetry**
- Firewall flexible match filter
- Trio MPCs







# JUNIPER THREAT DEFENSE DIRECTOR AUTOMATION FLOW



# MX FIREWALL FILTER FLEXIBLE MATCH EXAMPLE: NTP MONLIST

```
lab@MX10003-2> show ephemeral-configuration instance Corero
## Last changed: 2019-02-14 17:15:25 HKT
firewall {
    family inet {
         filter CORERO-MITIGATE {
             term b003e993f5bbe929ea7cce09b58f5cde {
                                                                                1<sup>st</sup> byte of UDP
                                                                                                            12th byte of UDP
                 from {
                     destination-address {
                         193.168.1.123/32;
                     protocol udp:

    ⊕ Frame 127 (201 bytes on wire, 201 bytes captured)

                     source-port 123;

    Ethernet II, Src: JuniperN_bf:d4:b4 (00:1f:12:bf:d4:b4) / Dst: Gould_d2:69:8c (00:00:dd:d2:69:8c)

                     flexible-match-mask {

★ Internet Protocol, Sr.: 94.211.215.80 (94.211.215.80), Ost: 202.202.202.2 (202.202.202.2)

                         match-start layer-4;

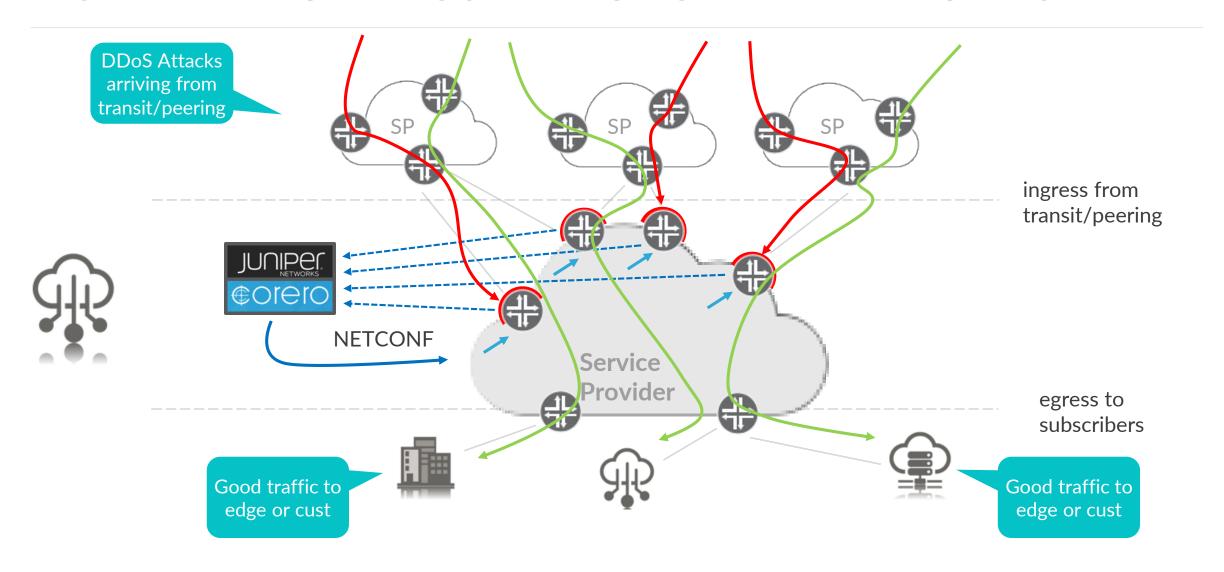
⊕ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: ntp (123), Dst Port: sdo-tls (3896)

                         byte-offset 11:

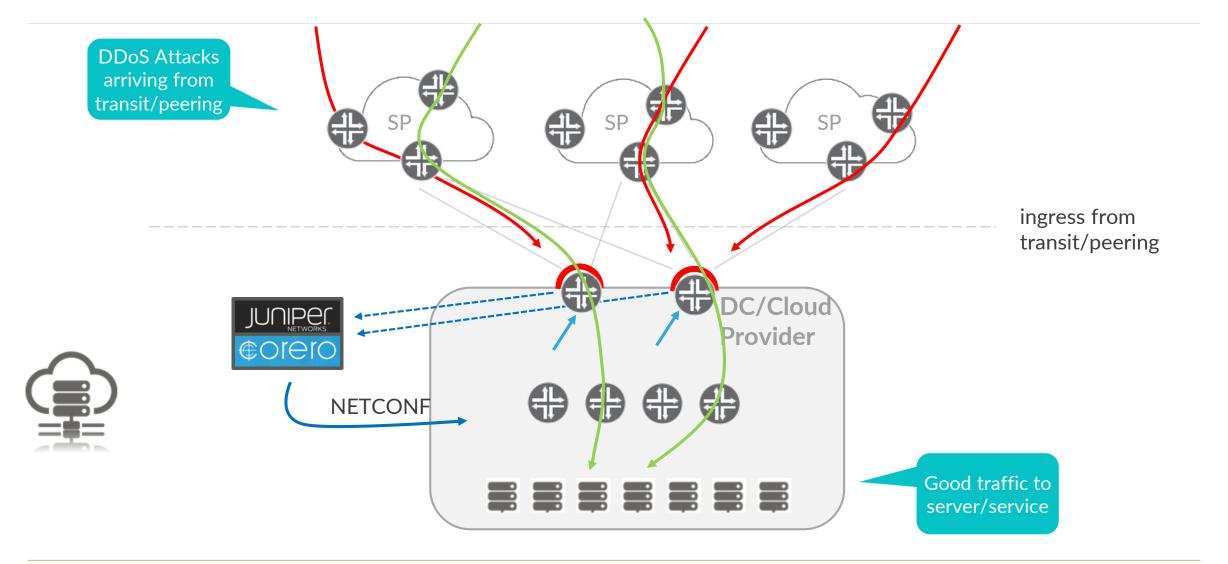
□ Network Time Protocol

                         bit-offset 0:
                                                                  bit-length 8;
                                                                     1... = Response bit: Response (1)
                         mask-in-hex OxFF;
                                                                      .1.. \dots = More bit: 1
                         prefix 42;
                                                                      ..10 1... = Version number: reserved (5)
                                                                      .... .111 = Mode: reserved for private use (7)
                 then {
                                                                  □ Auth. sequence: 133
                     count Corero-b003e993f5bbe929ea7cce09b5
                                                                      1... /= Auth bit: 1
                     port-mirror;
                                                                      .000 \ 0101 = Sequence number: 5
                     discard;
                                                                    Implementation: Unknown (209)
                                                                    Request code: MON_GETLIST_1 (42)
                                                                     00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Flex match:
                                                                                             10 11 12 13 04
start from layer 4 (UDP)
Byte-offset 11 means the 12th Byte
                                                                                             40 41
                                                                                                                       89::<=>? @ABCDEFG
                                                                                             50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57
                                                                                                                       HIJKLMNO PORSTUVW
Match for 8 bits
                                                                                             60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67
                                                                     58 59 5a 5b 5c 5d 5e 5f
                                                                                                                       XYZ[\]^_ `abcdefg
                                                                     68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77
                                                                                                                       hijklmno parstuvw
Mask = 0xFF = 1111 1111 (compare all bits)
                                                                     78 79 7a 7b 7c 7d 7e 7f
Pattern = DEC 42 = HEX 2a
```

# PROVIDER EDGE DDOS DETECTION AND MITIGATION

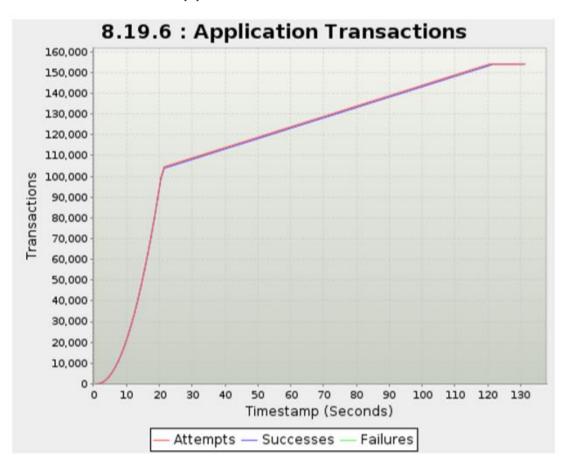


# DC/CLOUD EDGE DDOS DETECTION AND MITIGATION

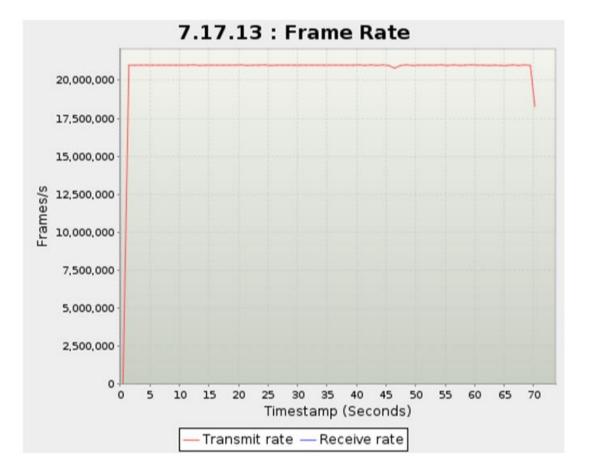


## SETTING TDD THRESHOLDS WITH SRX5K + SPC3 SCREENING?

#### Successful application transactions over time



#### Background 21M PPS SYN flood



### THOUGHTS ON SRX SOURCE NAT POOLS PROTECTION?

- Source NAT pools can be high profile targets (impacting subscribers)
- When DDoS is above SRX screening capacity TDD would block destination IP (effectively causing DoS by blocking the source NAT IP address)
- Junos 18.3 SRX can do session scan only for IPs removed from NAT pool
  - Blast zone reduction as the entire session table is not wiped upon NAT pool change
  - Possibilities to automate pool changes based on TDD analytics/actions (REST API, PyEZ...)

# SCALING AND DEPLOYMENT OPTIONS

Juniper Thread Defense Director



## SCALING DATA / RESOURCE UTILIZATION

# SmartWall TDD (Threat Defense Director)

Sampled Mirror (tuple + payload)









Sampled Mirror 1:1000 1Tbps ingress = 1Gbps samples

Streaming Telemetry = few kB every 10 seconds per Router

Netconf Configuration = few kB every second per Router

TDD software VMs on standard 1RU server can

- monitor 10Tbs (10Gbps samples)
- mitigate via NETCONF to 50 MX Routers Scales linearly beyond that.

Juniper MX

Sampled Mirror (1:1000)



Dynamic Filter (tuple + payload)

MX Router (MPC/MIC Trio) with negligible overhead

- can sample selected ingress interfaces at 1:1000
- support 100s of dynamic filter terms
- streaming telemetry for each filter term
- ephemeral config update <1 sec, 100 times/minute









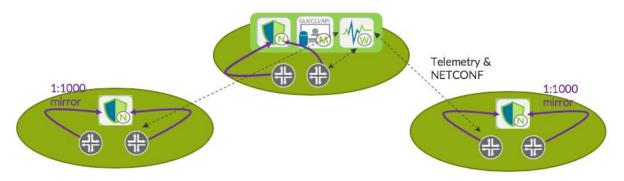
# OPTION 1: DISTRIBUTED DE (RECOMMENDED)



In this option, the DE is distributed.

#### **Advantages of this Option are:**

- Commercial: if cost of international or site interconnection are high, then this option will save on cost of backhauling mirrored traffic to central site
- Technical: more simple to operate because customer does not need to setup and maintain L2 / GRE connectivity between sites



#### **SKU** configurations requirement:

- 1x J-COR-DOS-DD-1T-1 (capacity license can be shared among multiple sites)
- 2x J-COR-DOS-DE-1P-1 (capacity license comes with 1xDE, thus, 2 additional DE licenses are needed)
- Note: MX mirrors packet to DE at the same site

Product Number	Description	Quantity
J-COR-DOS-DD-1T-1	Corero SmartWall Threat Defense Director Virt Edi 1 Yr software subsc. Includes 1 Detection Engine lic, max 5, for up to 1Tbps agg monitoring and mitigation. Includes J-Care, Soft Maint and Updates. Each DE with 10G proc capacity	1
J-COR-DOS-DE-1P-1	Corero SmartWall Threat Defense Director Detection Engine, 1 pack, Virtual Edition 1 Year software subscription with 10 Gbps of processing capacity. Includes Juniper Care Support, Software Maintenance and Updates.	2





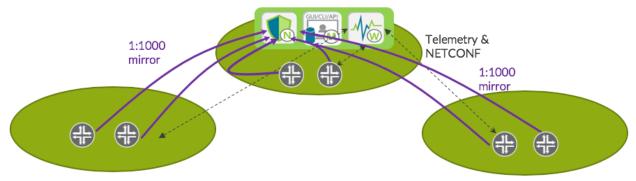
In this option, the TDD components are centralized and so, only the included DE is required.

#### **Advantages of this Options are:**

- Commercial: if the cost of inter-site bandwidth is not issue, then you save on the cost of having to purchase additional DE
- Technical: Only 3 VMs are needed, but customer sends samples to centralized DE

#### **SKU** configuration requirement:

- 1x J-COR-DOS-DD-1T-1 (capacity license can be shared among multiple sites)
- Note: MX mirrors packet to DE at the centralized site
  - E.g. if the b/w of each site is 300Gbps, the mirrored b/w is 300Mbps (1:1000)



Product Number	Description	Qty
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# DEMO VIDEOS

Juniper Thread Defense Director



## DEMO LAYOUT

